

**AkzoNobel** 

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## WEATHERSHIELD ALL WEATHER PROTECTION TEXTURED MASONRY PAINT

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

WEATHERSHIELD ALL WEATHER PROTECTION TEXTURED MASONRY **Product name** 

**PAINT** 

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** Waterborne coating for exterior use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ICI Paints AkzoNobel, Wexham Road,

Slough, Berkshire. SL2 5DS, U.K.

Tel.: +44 (0) 333 222 71 71

www.dulux.co.uk

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS

: dulux.advice@akzonobel.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Telephone number : Emergency Telephone : Slough +44 (0) 1753 550000

**Version** : 14.02 31-8-2020 **Date of previous issue** 

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown : 0%

toxicity

Ingredients of unknown : 0%

ecotoxicity

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word : No signal word.

**Hazard statements** : H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 1/16

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

General : P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention**: P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Response : P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Storage : Not applicable.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national or international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, C(M)IT/MIT(3:1) and 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-

3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not

breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements** 

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
bronopol (INN)	EC: 200-143-0 CAS: 52-51-7 Index: 603-085-00-8	≤0,1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10)	[1]
terbutryn	EC: 212-950-5 CAS: 886-50-0 Index: self classification	≤0,022	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100)	[1]
pyrithione zinc	EC: 236-671-3 CAS: 13463-41-7	≤0,076	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
octhilinone (ISO)	EC: 247-761-7 CAS: 26530-20-1 Index: 613-112-00-5	≤0,012	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)	[1]
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	<0,05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)	[1]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 2/16

Page: 3/16

#### WEATHERSHIELD ALL WEATHER PROTECTION TEXTURED MASONRY PAINT

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

REACH #:	≤0,0014	Acute Tox. 3, H301	[1]
01-2120764691-48		Acute Tox. 2, H310	
CAS: 55965-84-9		Acute Tox. 2, H330	
Index:		Skin Corr. 1C, H314	
613-167-00-5		Eye Dam. 1, H318	
REACH #:	≤0,1		[1] [2]
01-2119539477-28		Acute Tox. 4, H332	
EC: 203-545-4		Carc. 2, H351	
CAS: 108-05-4		STOT SE 3, H335	
Index:		, in the second	
607-023-00-0			
EC: 200-659-6	<0,1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]
CAS: 67-56-1		Acute Tox. 3, H301	
Index:			
603-001-00-X		Acute Tox. 3, H331	
		STOT SE 1, H370	
		See Section 16 for	
		the full text of the H	
	01-2120764691-48 CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5  REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 203-545-4 CAS: 108-05-4 Index: 607-023-00-0 EC: 200-659-6 CAS: 67-56-1 Index:	01-2120764691-48 CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5  REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 203-545-4 CAS: 108-05-4 Index: 607-023-00-0 EC: 200-659-6 CAS: 67-56-1 Index:	01-2120764691-48 CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5  REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 203-545-4 CAS: 108-05-4 Index: 607-023-00-0 EC: 200-659-6 CAS: 67-56-1 Index: 603-001-00-X  Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100) Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

Ingestion

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

**Eye contact**: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 3/16

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, C(M)IT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

**Hazardous combustion** 

products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to

drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**6.2 Environmental precautions** 

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 4/16

Page: 5/16

#### WEATHERSHIELD ALL WEATHER PROTECTION TEXTURED MASONRY PAINT

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. **Information on fire and explosion protection** 

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

## Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

## Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 5/16

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
vinyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 35,2 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 3 ppm 6 hours.
	STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes.
methanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 333 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 266 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

No DNELs/DMELs available.

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

Skin protection

Hand protection

**Gloves** 

: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

: When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.38 mm.

When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher

(breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended.

Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.12 mm. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove

material.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

**Body protection** 

: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 6/16

Page: 7/16

#### WEATHERSHIELD ALL WEATHER PROTECTION TEXTURED MASONRY PAINT

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Respiratory protection

If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.

#### **OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:**

When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.

Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.

Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN143 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)

The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practice should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.

Extra precautions will also need to be taken when burning off old lead-based paints because fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above about sanding should be taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.

Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.

## **OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:**

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Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 7/16

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

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Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid.

Colour : Various: See label. Odour : Not available. **Odour threshold** : Not available. pH : Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling : 100°C

**Melting point/freezing point** 

range

: Not applicable. Flash point : Not available. **Evaporation rate Upper/lower flammability or** : Not available.

explosive limits

: Not available.

: Not available. Vapour pressure : Not available. Vapour density

**Relative density** : 1,266

Solubility(ies) : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (room temperature): 5,54 cm<sup>2</sup>/s

**Explosive properties** : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2. Other information

Solubility in water : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 8/16

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, C(M)IT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
terbutryn	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>8 g/m³	4 hours
methanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	3556 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Hamster	8555 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	10765 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	1826 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	7529 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	4710 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rabbit	8907 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	2131 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Dog	7500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Monkey	7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Monkey	7000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	5800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Pig	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	14200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	9800 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Dermal	Monkey	393 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Intravenous	Cat	4641 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Dog	7500 mg/kg	-
I		l		

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 9/16

: Not available.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

I DI a Oral	Llunaan	400	
LDLo Oral	Human	428 mg/kg	-
LDLo Oral	Human	143 mg/kg	-
LDLo Oral	Man - Male	14 mL/kg	-
LDLo Oral	Man - Male	6422 mg/kg	-
LDLo Oral	Monkey	5000 mg/kg	-
LDLo Oral	Mouse	420 mg/kg	-
LDLo Oral	Rabbit	7500 mg/kg	-
LDLo Oral	Woman -	10 mL/kg	-
	Female		
LDLo Parenteral	Frog	59 g/kg	-
LDLo Route of exposure	Man - Male	868 mg/kg	-
unreported			
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	3490 mg/kg	-
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	3000 mg/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Man - Male	0,43 mL/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Man - Male	1,14 mL/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Man - Male	1,4 mL/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Man - Male	3429 mg/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Man - Male	3571 uL/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Man - Male	9450 uL/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	8 g/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	8 mL/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Woman -	4 g/kg	-
	Female	<b>5 5</b>	
TDLo Subcutaneous	Rat	6825 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Not available.

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
bronopol (INN)	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	10 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	80 milligrams	-
terbutryn	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	76 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	380 milligrams	-
octhilinone (ISO)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	48 hours 5 Percent	-
C(M)IT/MIT(3:1)	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	0.01 Percent	-
methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	40 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Sensitisation** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 10/16

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## **Teratogenicity**

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
bronopol (INN)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

## **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Other information : Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
bronopol (INN)	Acute EC50 0,02 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1,6 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11,17 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1,94 ppm	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	49 days
terbutryn	Acute EC50 1,4 to 2,66 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
•	Acute IC50 0,0036 mg/l	Algae - (Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute LC50 1,3 mg/l	Fish - Lepomis Macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1,1 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
pyrithione zinc	Acute EC50 0,51 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Thalassiosira pseudonana	96 hours
	Acute EC50 8,25 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2,68 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 0,36 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Thalassiosira pseudonana	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2,7 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
octhilinone (ISO)	Acute EC50 107 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
(100)	Acute LC50 47 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 74 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 8,5 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 1,5 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
1,2 2011210011110201 0(21.1) 0110	Acute EC50 0,4 mg/l	Daphnia - Pseudomonas putia	16 hours
	Acute IC50 0,067 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute LC50 1,3 mg/l	Fish - Ochorhyncus mykiss	96 hours
vinyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
,	Acute LC50 19 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
methanol	Acute EC50 16,912 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 24500000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 22200 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia obtusa - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 12835 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12700000 μg/l Fresh water		96 hours

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 11/16

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

		Weanling)	
Acute EC50 13000	0000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	
Acute LC50 25000	000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
Acute LC50 3289	mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 15,32	g/L Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus - Adult	96 hours
Acute LC50 290 m	ng/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Egg	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 71		Algae - Heterosigma akashiwo	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 14	00 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 41	0 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Prorocentrum minimum	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 24		Algae - Eutreptiella sp.	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 9,9	6 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
bronopol (INN)	0,18	-	low
terbutryn	3,74	-	low
pyrithione zinc	0,9	11	low
octhilinone (ISO)	2,45	-	low
vinyl acetate	0,73	3,16	low
methanol	-0,77	<10	low

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

P: Not available. B: Not available. T: Not available.

vPvB : Not applicable.

vP: Not available. vB: Not available.

### **12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste**: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 12/16

Page: 13/16

## WEATHERSHIELD ALL WEATHER PROTECTION TEXTURED MASONRY PAINT

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Disposal considerations** 

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

**Packaging** 

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered

when recycling is not feasible.

**Disposal considerations** 

: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or

national legal provisions.

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

**Special precautions** 

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.

	ADR	IMDG
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Class	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Subsidiary class	-	-
14.4 Packing group	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
14.5 Environmental hazards		
Marine pollutant	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances		Not available.
14.6 Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	
HI/Kemler number	Not available.	
Date of the original to	110,000	B

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 13/16

Page: 14/16

## WEATHERSHIELD ALL WEATHER PROTECTION TEXTURED MASONRY PAINT

Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.

Emergency schedules (EmS)	Not applicable.
14.7 Transport in bulk : Not applicable. according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code	
Additional - information	-

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed, or the component present is below its threshold.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed, or the component present is below its threshold.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

**Other EU regulations** 

**VOC for Ready-for-Use** : Not applicable.

**Mixture** 

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive** 

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**International regulations** 

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** 

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 14/16

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

CEPE code :

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms**: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (EC) No.

1272/20081

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

## Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

## Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 2, H310	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 2
Acute Tox. 2, H330	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3, H301	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 3, H311	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 3, H331	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4, H302	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H312	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Carc. 2, H351	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1, H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C, H314	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1, H317	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A, H317	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT SE 1, H370	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
	Category 1
STOT SE 3, H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Date of printing : 14-9-2020

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 15/16

Page: 16/16

#### WEATHERSHIELD ALL WEATHER PROTECTION TEXTURED MASONRY PAINT

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Date of issue/ Date of

: 14-9-2020

revision

Date of previous issue : 31-8-2020 Version : 14.02

#### **Notice to reader**

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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Date of issue/Date of revision : 14-9-2020 Page: 16/16