

SAFETY DATA SHEET

WEATHERSHIELD EXTERIOR FLEXIBLE UNDERCOAT

Product name	: WEATHERSHIELD EXTERIOR FLEXIBLE UNDERCOAT
1.2. Relevant identified uses	s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	Solvent borne coating for exterior use.
1.3. Details of the supplier o	f the safety data sheet
	ICI Paints AkzoNobel,
	Wexham Road, Slough,
	Berkshire,
	SL2 5DS, U.K.
	Tel.: +44 (0) 333 222 70 70 www.duluxtrade.co.uk
	www.duiuxtrade.co.uk
e-mail address of person	: duluxtrade.advice@akzonobel.com
responsible for this SDS	
1.4 Emergency telephone nu	Imber
Telephone number	: Emergency Telephone : Slough +44 (0) 1753 550000
Version	: 13
Date of previous issue	20-12-2018
Date of previous issue	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the se	ubstance or mixture
Product definition	: Mixture
Classification according Flam. Liq. 3, H226	to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
The product is classified a	s hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
Ingredients of unknown toxicity	: 0%
Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity	: 0%
See Section 16 for the full	text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more of	letailed information on health effects and symptoms.
2.2 Label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning

Signal word	1	vvarning
Hazard statements	:	H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	:	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.P233 - Keep container tightly closed.P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Response	:	₱312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Storage	1	P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	1	Contains butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	en	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	-	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	1	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Voluntary label element (CEPE)	1	Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	1	None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
ydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≤0,3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Hydrocarbons,C10-C13,n- alkanes,isoalkanes,cyclics, <2%aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39	≤5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119457736-27 EC: 265-149-8	≤1,5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Hydrocarbons,C11-C14,n- alkanes,isoalkanes,cyclics, <2%aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119456620-43	≤0,65	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	REACH #: 01-2119979088-21 EC: 245-018-1 CAS: 22464-99-9	≤1	Repr. 2, H361fd (Fertility and Unborn child)	[1] [2]
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	≤0,3	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351	[1]
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	REACH #: 01-2119450011-60 EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≤0,3	Not classified.	[2]
2-ethylhexanoic acid, manganese salt	EC: 240-085-3 CAS: 15956-58-8	≤0,1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361fd (Fertility and Unborn child) STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
ethyl acrylate	EC: 205-438-8 CAS: 140-88-5 Index: 607-032-00-X	≤0,1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
1,2-dichlorobenzene	EC: 202-425-9 CAS: 95-50-1 Index: 602-034-00-7	<0,1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]
methanol	EC: 200-659-6 CAS: 67-56-1 Index: 603-001-00-X	<0,1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H311 STOT SE 1, H370 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1] [2]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

- Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	1	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
		quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising from	om	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	clude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vertice of the sources of ignition and vertice the area. Avoid breathing vertice to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.	apour or mist.	
For emergency responders	specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note formation in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See a formation in "For non-emergency personnel".		
6.2 Environmental precautions	o not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contamin vers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance wi gulations.		
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	ontain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent materia arth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for d coording to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with void using solvents.	isposal	
6.4 Reference to other sections	ee Section 1 for emergency contact information. ee Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equ ee Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.	ipment.	

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	 Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.
	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. **Information on fire and explosion protection** Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions

- : Not available.
- specific : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-ethylhexanoic acid, manganese salt	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	TWA: 0,5 mg/m³, (as Mn) 8 hours.
ethyl acrylate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 42 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 21 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1,2-dichlorobenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 306 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 153 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
methanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 333 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 266 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
DNELs/DMELs		
No DNELs/DMELs available.	•	
PNECs		
No PNECs available		
8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection measur	res	È de la constante d
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection		
Hand protection		
Gloves	:	When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended.
		NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.
		The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
		Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
		Always ensure that the gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
Body protection	:	Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

SECTION 8: Exposu	ire controls/personal protection
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.
	OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:
	When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.
	Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.
	Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN143 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)
	The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practice should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.
	Extra precautions will also need to be taken when burning off old lead-based paints because fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above about sanding should be taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.
	Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead. OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:
	When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.
	Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.
	Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN143 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practice should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.

Extra precautions will also need to be taken when burning off old lead-based paints because fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above about sanding should be taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.

Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.

Environmental exposure	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.
controls	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physica	l a	nd chemical properties
<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	4	Liquid.
Colour	4	Various: See label.
Odour	4	Not available.
Odour threshold	4	Not available.
рН	4	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	4	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	1	100°C
Flash point	4	Closed cup: 32°C
Evaporation rate	÷	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Not available.
Vapour pressure	1	Not available.
Vapour density	1	Not available.
Relative density	4	1,394
Solubility(ies)	4	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	4	Kinematic (room temperature): 5,03 cm ² /s
Explosive properties	1	Not available.
Oxidising properties	1	Not available.
9.2. Other information		
Solubility in water	1	Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.2 Chemical stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
7,2-dichlorobenzene	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	8150 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>10 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1228 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	840 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4386 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	5 g/kg	-
	LDLo Intravenous	Mouse	400 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Intravenous	Rabbit	250 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Guinea pig	2000 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	735 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	1 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	735 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

SECTION II. TOXICO					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
				microliters	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	8 milligrams	-
propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
	Even Mild initerat	Dabbit		milligrams	
ethyl acrylate	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	45 milligrams 24 hours 10	-
		Rabbit	-	milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
1,2-dichlorobenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0,5 minutes	-
				100 milligrams	
methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
	,			milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	40 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Teratogenicity					

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
√ydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons,C10-C13,n-alkanes,isoalkanes,cyclics, <2%aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons,C11-C14,n-alkanes,isoalkanes,cyclics, <pre><2%aromatics</pre>	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
ethyl acrylate	Acute LC50 4784 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
1,2-dichlorobenzene	Acute LC50 4,52 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
methanol	Acute EC50 16,912 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12835 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9,96 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	-	2,96	low
Methyl ethyl ketoxime (2-methoxymethylethoxy)	0,63 0,004	2.5 to 5.8 -	low low
propanol 2-ethylhexanoic acid, manganese salt	-	2,96	low
ethyl acrylate 1,2-dichlorobenzene methanol	1,18 3,43 -0,77	2,072 269,153480392 <10	low low low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT	: Not applicable.
	P: Not available. B: Not available. T: Not available.
vPvB	: Not applicable.
	vP: Not available. vB: Not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal	Disposal of this p with the requiren and any regional recyclable produ	of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. broduct, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply nents of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- cts via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be eated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of h jurisdiction.	
Hazardous waste	: The classification	n of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.	
Disposal considerations	Dispose of accor If this product is longer apply and	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.	
Packaging			
Methods of disposal		of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste d be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered s not feasible.	
Disposal considerations	the relevant was Empty containers	n provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from te authority on the classification of empty containers. Is must be scrapped or reconditioned. Iners contaminated by the product in accordance with local or ovisions.	
Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)	
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances	
Special precautions	taken when hand Empty containers residues may cre container. Do no thoroughly intern	d its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be lling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. s or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product eate a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the ot cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned ally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with drains and sewers.	

SECTION 14: Transport information

Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.

	ADR	IMDG
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		
Class	3	3
Subsidiary class	-	-
14.4 Packing group	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards		
Marine pollutant	No.	No.
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Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.

Marine pollutant substances		Not available.
14.6 Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	
HI/Kemler number	30	
Emergency schedules (EmS)		F-E, S-E

14.7 Transport in bulk : Not applicable. according to Annex II of . MARPOL and the IBC Code .		
Additional information	✓iscous substance exemption In pack sizes less than 450 litres, under the terms of 2.2.3.1. 5, this product is not subject to the provisions of ADR. <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)	✓iscous substance exemption In pack sizes up to and including 30 litres, under the terms of 2.3.2.5, this product is not subject to the packaging, labelling and marking requirements of the IMDG Code, but both full documentation and placarding of cargo transport units is still required.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

VOC

: The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

: Not applicable.

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

International regulation	<u>s</u>
Chemical Weapon Conv	rention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol (Anne	<u>əxes A, B, C, E)</u>
Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention	on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.	
Rotterdam Convention	on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.	
UNECE Aarhus Protoco	I on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.	
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.
SECTION 16: Othe	r information
CEPE code	: 1

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
-	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data

Full text of abbreviated H statements

/ 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
4226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
-1332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 16: Other information

H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	
Cute Tox. 3, H301		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 3, H311		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 3, H331		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4, H302		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H312		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1, H400		SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1, H304		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2, H351		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
EUH066		Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Dam. 1, H318		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2, H319		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2, H225		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3, H226		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2, H361fd		REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility and Unborn child) -
Skip Irrit 2 H215		Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317		SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT RE 2, H373		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
5101 RE 2, 11373		EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 1, H370		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
		Category 1
STOT SE 3, H335		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
STOT SE 3, H336		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
,		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Date of printing	: 19-6-2019	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 19-6-2019	
	. 20 12 2010	
Date of previous issue	: 20-12-2018	
Version	: 13	

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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Head Office

AkzoNobel Decorative Coatings BV, Christian Neefestraat 2, 1077 WW Amsterdam, The Netherlands